



VPI VALUE POOL

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

MANAGER

VALUE PARTNERS INVESTMENTS INC.

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

VALUE PARTNERS INVESTMENTS INC.

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Value Partners Investments Inc., the Manager of the Pools, appoints independent auditors to audit the Pool's Annual Financial Statements. Under Canadian securities laws (National Instrument 81-106), if an auditor has not reviewed the Interim Financial Statements, this must be disclosed in an accompanying notice.

The Pool's independent auditors have not performed a review of these Interim Financial Statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants Canada.

VPI VALUE POOL

Statements of Financial Position

(In thousands of dollars and units, except for per unit amounts)

June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019

As at	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Assets		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 27,697	\$ 36,633
Cash and cash equivalents	40,942	46,226
Accrued dividends receivable	—	15
Subscriptions receivable	152	1
	\$ 68,791	\$ 82,875
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 61	\$ 78
Redemptions payable	408	102
Management fees payable (notes 4 and 5)	102	125
	571	305
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ 68,220	\$ 82,570
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per series:		
Series A	\$ 50,966	\$ 61,583
Series F	17,097	20,939
Series O	157	48
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:		
Series A	\$ 7.54	\$ 8.62
Series F	8.10	9.21
Series O	8.26	9.60
Number of redeemable units outstanding:		
Series A	6,757	7,147
Series F	2,111	2,274
Series O	19	5

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI VALUE POOL

Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(In thousands of dollars and units, except for per unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

	2020	2019
Income (loss):		
Interest income for distribution purposes	\$ 118	\$ 401
Dividend income	132	1,531
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	1,600	(34)
Other changes in fair value on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:		
Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments	(5,902)	660
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of investments	(4,253)	1,840
	(8,305)	4,398
Expenses:		
Administration	49	73
Audit fees	7	7
Independent review committee fees	5	5
Security holder reporting costs	46	48
Custodian fees	2	—
Filing fees	9	9
Management fees (notes 4 and 5)	595	1,011
Registered plan fees	2	2
Trustee fees	3	3
Withholding taxes	8	42
Transaction costs	82	5
	808	1,205
Absorbed expenses (notes 4 and 5)	—	(2)
	808	1,203
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ (9,113)	\$ 3,195
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per series:		
Series A	\$ (6,724)	\$ 2,198
Series B	—	139
Series F	(2,369)	737
Series O	(20)	121
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:		
Series A	\$ (1.00)	\$ 0.22
Series B	—	0.26
Series F	(1.10)	0.27
Series O	(1.11)	0.80

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VPI VALUE POOL

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units
(In thousands of dollars and units)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

	Series A		Series B		Series F		Series O		Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, beginning of period	\$ 61,583	\$ 91,514	\$ —	\$ 5,204	\$ 20,939	\$ 25,413	\$ 48	\$ 1,864	\$ 82,570	\$ 123,995
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of—redeemable units	(6,724)	2,198	—	139	(2,369)	737	(20)	121	(9,113)	3,195
Redeemable unit transactions:										
Proceeds from redeemable units issued	8,354	3,142	—	9	4,298	3,812	143	53	12,795	7,016
Reinvestment of distributions to holders of redeemable units	72	134	—	—	13	21	—	—	85	155
Redemption of redeemable units	(12,319)	(15,110)	—	(1,562)	(5,784)	(6,019)	(14)	(1,585)	(18,117)	(24,276)
	(3,893)	(11,834)	—	(1,553)	(1,473)	(2,186)	129	(1,532)	(5,237)	(17,105)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	(10,617)	(9,636)	—	(1,414)	(3,842)	(1,449)	109	(1,411)	(14,350)	(13,910)
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of period	\$ 50,966	\$ 81,878	\$ —	\$ 3,790	\$ 17,097	\$ 23,964	\$ 157	\$ 453	\$ 68,220	\$ 110,085
Increase (decrease) in redeemable units outstanding:										
Beginning of period	7,147	10,860	—	639	2,274	2,811	5	199	9,426	14,509
Issued	1,102	349	—	1	499	402	16	5	1,617	757
Issued on reinvestment of distributions	9	15	—	—	1	2	—	—	10	17
Redeemed	(1,501)	(1,707)	—	(184)	(663)	(630)	(2)	(157)	(2,166)	(2,678)
Redeemable units outstanding, end of period	6,757	9,517	—	456	2,111	2,585	19	47	8,887	12,605
Weighted average units outstanding, during the period	6,756	10,203	—	544	2,161	2,715	18	151		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI VALUE POOL

Statements of Cash Flows

(In thousands of dollars)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

	2020	2019
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ (9,113)	\$ 3,195
Adjustments for:		
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	(1,600)	34
Net realized loss (gain) on sale of investments	5,902	(660)
Transaction costs	82	5
Change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) in value of investments	4,253	(1,840)
Purchase of investments	(22,268)	(101,435)
Proceeds from sale of investments	20,967	117,995
Dividends receivable	15	(266)
Management fees payable	(23)	(36)
Other payables and accrued expenses	(17)	(26)
Net cash from (used in) operating activities	(1,802)	16,966
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		
Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units, net of reinvested distributions	85	155
Proceeds from redeemable units issued	12,402	4,914
Redemption of redeemable units	(17,569)	(22,136)
Net cash used in financing activities	(5,082)	(17,067)
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	1,600	(34)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(5,284)	(135)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	46,226	2,629
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 40,942	\$ 2,494
Supplementary information:		
Dividends received, net of withholding tax	\$ 139	\$ 1,223
Interest received, net of withholding tax	118	401

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI VALUE POOL

Schedule of Investments

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

June 30, 2020

Number of units, shares or par value	Description	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
Equities:				
Consumer Services:				
725,000	Domino's Pizza Group PLC	\$ 4,271	\$ 3,785	5.55
Diversified Financials:				
22,700	Berkshire Hathaway Inc., Class B	6,547	5,519	8.09
Insurance:				
6,000	Fairfax Financial Holdings Ltd.	3,461	2,517	3.69
Media and Entertainment:				
1,450	Alphabet Inc., Class A.	2,680	2,801	
28,700	Liberty Broadband Corp.	4,426	4,775	
46,821	Liberty Media Corp-Liberty SiriusXM	2,659	2,201	
		9,765	9,777	14.32
Real Estate:				
17,900	Howard Hughes Corp.	2,196	1,891	1.86
Retailing:				
53,000	LKQ Corp.	2,580	2,546	2.77
Telecommunication Services:				
20,700	T-Mobile US Inc.	2,494	2,936	
20,700	T-Mobile US Inc. Rights (July 27, 2020)	—	5	
		2,494	2,941	4.31
Total equities		31,272	27,697	40.59
Transaction costs		(32)		
Total financial assets at FVTPL		31,240	27,697	40.59
Cash:				
Domestic		4,579	4,579	
Foreign		36,626	36,363	
Total cash		41,205	40,942	60.01
Liabilities, net of other assets			(419)	(0.60)
Total net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units			\$ 68,220	100.00

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI VALUE POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

1. Reporting entity:

- (a) VPI Value Pool (the Pool) is an open-ended mutual fund trust, established on September 19, 2007 by declaration of trust under the laws of the Province of Ontario. The registered office of the Pool is located at 300-175 Hargrave St., Winnipeg, Manitoba. The trustee of the Pool is RBC Investor Services Trust and the Manager of the Pool is Value Partners Investments Inc. (VPI or the Manager).

The Pool commenced operations on October 1, 2007 with three series of units: Series A, Series B and Series F. On July 5, 2017, the Pool began offering Series O units. Effective December 2, 2019, all Series B units were converted to Series A units. Subsequently, the Pool no longer offers Series B units.

The Pool's objective is to provide unitholders with long-term growth while preserving capital. VPI Value Pool invests in North American and international-based equity securities.

- (b) Redeemable units issued and outstanding are considered to be capital of the Pool. The Pool's authorized capital consists of an unlimited number of units and series without par value. The number of outstanding units of each series is disclosed in the statements of financial position.

Series A units are subject to a negotiated sales commission payable by the investor at the time of purchase. Series B units are subject to a fixed sales commission payable by the Manager at the time of purchase. The investor is subject to a redemption fee if units are redeemed within three years of purchase. Series F units are only available to investors that have a fee-based account with a dealer that has signed a Series F agreement with the Manager. Series O units are available for investors who have, or whose dealer has, entered into an agreement directly with the Manager to purchase Series O units or if investors open discretionary investment management accounts with the Manager. Series O units have no sales charge.

Except for Series O units, each series of units pays its proportionate share of common expenses of the Pool, in addition to expenses that are unique to that series. Proportionate fund expenses for Series O, both common fund expenses, as well as expenses unique to Series O, are paid by the Manager. Distributions of each series may vary due to the differences in expenses between the series.

- (c) Unitholders may redeem all or part of their units by delivering a written request to do so to the Manager or Trustee or to an investment dealer, securities dealer or mutual fund dealer for delivery to the Manager or Trustee. Units will be redeemed at the net asset value per unit as determined on the next valuation date. Requests for redemption received after 4:00 p.m., Toronto time, on any day are deemed to be received on the first business day following the date of the actual receipt.

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Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

2. Basis of preparation:

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting (IAS 34), as published by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and as required by Canadian securities legislation and the Canadian Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Manager on behalf of the board of directors on August 20, 2020.

(a) Basis of measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared on an historical cost basis except for investments at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at fair value.

(b) Functional and presentation currency:

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Pool's functional currency. All financial information presented in Canadian dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(c) Use of estimates and judgments:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The most significant judgments made by the Manager in preparing these financial statements is in determining the fair value of financial instruments not traded in an active market, if any, under IFRS 13 - *Fair Value Measurement* (IFRS 13).

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Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

3. Significant accounting policies:

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

(a) Financial instruments:

(i) Classification and measurement:

Financial assets are required to be classified into one of the following categories: fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) based on the entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition.

Assessment and decision on the business model approach used is an accounting judgement.

All financial instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the classification of the financial instrument. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of financial instruments except for financial instruments classified as FVTPL, in which case transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Financial instruments at FVTPL are recognized initially on the trade date, which is the date on which the Pool becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated. The Pool derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statements of financial position only when the Pool has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

At June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, no amounts have been offset in the statements of financial position.

(ii) FVTPL:

Financial instruments classified as FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting period with changes in fair value recognized in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) in the period in which they occur.

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Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

The Pool has classified its investments in securities, derivative financial assets and derivative financial liabilities as FVTPL.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and marketable securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Pool uses the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. The Pool's policy is to recognize transfers into and out of the fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances giving rise to the transfer.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market, including derivative instruments, is determined using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques also include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and others commonly used by market participants and which make the maximum use of observable inputs. Should the value of the financial asset or liability, in the opinion of the Manager, be inaccurate, unreliable or not readily available, the fair value is estimated on the basis of the most recently reported information of a similar financial asset or liability.

The Pool's accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments are consistent with those used for measuring its net asset value for transactions with unitholders.

(iii) Amortized cost:

Financial instruments classified under amortized cost include financial assets that are held to collect contractual cash flows and are expected to give rise to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest and financial liabilities not classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets and liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent measurement of these financial assets and financial liabilities is at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Interest income is recognized by applying the effective interest rate. The Pool classifies cash, accrued dividends receivable, subscriptions receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, redemptions payable and management fees payable as amortized cost.

VPI VALUE POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Cash includes cash on deposit with the custodian.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(iv) Impairment:

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, the Pool uses an expected credit loss (ECL) impairment model. The ECL model uses an allowance for expected credit losses being recorded regardless of whether or not there has been an actual loss event.

The Pool measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL for trade and other receivables. Lifetime ECL's are the ECL's that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade and other receivables. ECL's are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (that being the difference between the cash flows due to the Pool in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Pool expects to receive). ECL's are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

(b) Redeemable units:

The Pool classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. The Pool has multiple classes of redeemable units that do not have identical features and therefore, does not qualify as equity under International Accounting Standard (IAS) 32, *Financial Instruments - presentation* (IAS 32). The redeemable units, which are measured at the redemption amounts and are considered a residual amount of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units provide investors with the right to require redemption, subject to available liquidity, for cash at a unit price based on the Pool's valuation policies at each redemption date.

(c) Foreign currency:

The Pool's subscriptions and redemptions are denominated in Canadian dollars, which is also its functional and presentation currency. Foreign denominated investments and other foreign denominated assets and liabilities are translated into Canadian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing on each valuation date.

VPI VALUE POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Purchases and sales of investments, as well as income and expense transactions denominated in foreign currencies, are translated using exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to cash are presented as 'Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash' and those relating to other financial assets and liabilities are presented within 'Net realized gain' and 'Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)' in the statements of comprehensive income (loss).

(d) Investment transactions and revenue recognition:

Interest income for distribution purposes from investments in bonds and short-term investments represents the coupon interest received by the Pool accounted for on an accrual basis. The Pool does not use the effective interest method to amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed-income securities. Dividend income is recognized on the date that the right to receive payment is established, which for quoted equity securities is usually the ex-dividend date. Portfolio transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses arising from the sale of investments are determined on the average cost basis of the respective investments.

(e) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, per unit:

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, per unit in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) represents the net increase (decrease) in the net assets from operations for each series for the period divided by the weighted average units outstanding for each series for the period.

(f) Income taxes:

The Pool qualifies as a Mutual Fund Trust as defined in the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). Pursuant to the terms of the Declaration of Trust establishing the Pool, it is considered to distribute annually to the unitholders all of the net taxable income, including net realized gains on sale of investments, and such distributions are immediately reinvested in units of the Pool.

In general, the Pool is subject to income tax, however no income tax is payable on net income and/or net realized capital gains which are distributed to unitholders. In addition, income taxes payable on net realized capital gains is refundable on a formula basis when units of the Pool are redeemed.

VPI VALUE POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Capital losses are available to be carried forward indefinitely and applied against future capital gains. Any non-capital losses that are realized in the taxation year 2006 and after may be carried forward for 20 years and applied against future income and capital gains.

4. Management fees and expenses:

Except for Series O units, the Manager of the Pool is entitled to a monthly management fee from each series of units based on a percentage of the net asset value of each series of units as of the close of business on each business day calculated at the following annual rates:

Series A	1.80%
Series B (note 1 [a])	2.00%
Series F	0.90%

No management fee is charged to the Pool with respect to Series O units. Instead, each investor negotiates a separate fee that is paid directly to the Manager.

Except for Series O units, in addition to the management fee, each series of units pays its proportionate share of common operating expenses of the Pool, in addition to expenses that are unique to that series. These expenses include, but are not limited to audit, legal and filing fees, custodial, recordkeeping and trustee fees, transfer agent fees, investor servicing costs, taxes, compensation and expenses of the Independent Review Committee, and costs of unitholder reports, financial reporting, prospectuses, regulatory filings, and other communications. Brokerage commissions and transaction costs for buying and selling investments for the Pool's portfolio are also paid by the Pool, as well as the costs and expenses related to holding any meeting convened by unitholders.

Proportionate fund expenses for Series O units, both common fund expenses, as well as expenses unique to Series O, are paid by the Manager.

The Manager absorbed a portion of the operating expenses (note 5) of the Pool during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

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Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

5. Related party transactions:

Related party balances of the Pool as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	2020	2019
Management fees payable	\$ 102	\$ 125

Related party transactions of the Pool for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	2020	2019
Management fees	\$ 595	\$ 1,011
Absorbed expenses	—	(2)

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

6. Brokerage commissions:

Commissions paid to brokers for portfolio transactions for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are disclosed in the statements of comprehensive income (loss).

There were no soft dollar commissions paid during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

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Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

7. Income taxes:

Capital losses available for carry forward as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	2019	2018
Capital losses	\$ 21,397	\$ –

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, there are no non-capital losses available for carry forward.

8. Financial risk management:

The investment activities of the Pool expose it to various types of financial risks. The Manager seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks on the Pool by contracting a professional, experienced portfolio manager, by monitoring the Pool and market events on a daily basis, and by diversifying the investment portfolio within the parameters of the investment objective and strategy. The most significant risks include market risk (other price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. These risks and related risk management practices employed by the Pool are discussed below:

(i) Other price risk:

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments held by the Pool is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. The portfolio manager moderates this risk through a careful selection of securities within specified parameters established for the Pool.

For the Pool, the most significant exposure to other price risk arises from investments in equity securities. The following table shows the exposure of the Pool to equity securities and indicates the impact on net assets if the prices of the equity securities on the respective stock exchanges increased or decreased by 5 percent, with all other variables held constant.

	Fair value of equities (\$)	% of net assets	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
As at June 30, 2020	\$ 27,697	40.59%	\$ 1,385	2.03%
As at December 31, 2019	\$ 36,633	44.36%	\$ 1,832	2.22%

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Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

8. Financial risk management (continued):

(ii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments such as bonds. The majority of the Pool's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing. As a result, the Pool is not subject to a significant amount of interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing level of market interest rates.

(iii) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Pool.

As at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Pool had no significant investments in debt instruments and/or derivatives.

(iv) Liquidity risk:

The Pool is exposed to liquidity risk to the extent that it is subject to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Therefore, the Pool invests the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. In addition, the Pool retains sufficient cash positions to maintain liquidity.

(v) Currency risk:

The Pool uses the Canadian dollar as its functional and reporting currency. Currency risk is the risk that the value of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar (the functional currency of the Pool) will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

At June 30, 2020, the only foreign currencies the Pool was exposed to was the US Dollar and British Pound. At December 31, 2019, the only foreign currency the Pool was exposed to was the US dollar. The following tables illustrate the potential impact to the Pool's net assets, all other variables held constant, as a result of a 5 percent change in this currency relative to the Canadian dollar.

As at June 30, 2020	Foreign currencies (\$)	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 25,180	\$ 1,259	1.85%
Cash	36,363	1,818	2.67%
Other assets less liabilities	—	—	0.00%
	\$ 61,544	\$ 3,077	4.52%

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Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

8. Financial risk management (continued):

As at December 31, 2019	Foreign currencies (\$)	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 32,974	\$ 1,649	2.00%
Cash	32,952	1,648	2.00%
Other assets less liabilities	15	1	0.00%
	\$ 65,941	\$ 3,298	4.00%

(vi) Concentration risk:

Concentration risk arises as a result of the concentration of exposures within the same category, whether it is geographical location, product type, industry sector or counterparty type. The market segments are represented as a percentage of financial assets at FVTPL. The following is a summary of the Pool's concentration risk:

Market segment	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Long	%	%
Commercial and professional services	—	12.21
Consumer services	13.67	7.18
Diversified financials	19.93	18.84
Energy	—	—
Insurance	9.09	9.99
Media and entertainment	35.29	29.57
Real estate	4.57	15.26
Retailing	6.83	6.95
Telecommunication services	10.62	—
	100.00	100.00

(vii) Other risk:

In the month of March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and has had a significant financial, market and social dislocating impact. The Manager is continuing to monitor the outbreak and the impact on the Pool. The extent and duration of the impact of COVID-19 on global and local economies, financial markets, industry sectors and geographic locations the Pool may invest in is uncertain and the ultimate financial effect on the Pool is not known at this time.

VPI VALUE POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

9. Fair value disclosure:

(i) Valuation models:

The Pool's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy. The fair value of a financial instrument is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Pool's financial instruments are recorded at fair value or at amounts that approximate fair value in the financial statements. The Pool classifies fair value measurements within a hierarchy which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Manager has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable. There is little if any market activity. Inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into, or out of, a financial instrument's assigned level.

(ii) Fair value hierarchy - financial instruments measured at fair value:

The following tables present information about the Pool's assets which are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

Financial assets at fair value as at June 30, 2020:

	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Equities - long	\$	27,697	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 27,697
	\$	27,697	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 27,697

VPI VALUE POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (unaudited)

9. Fair value disclosure (continued):

Financial assets at fair value as at December 31, 2019:

	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Equities - long	\$	36,633	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 36,633
	\$	36,633	\$	—	\$	—	\$ 36,633

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, there were no transfers between levels. The financial instruments not measured at FVTPL are short-term financial assets and financial liabilities whose carrying amounts approximate fair value.